

HALT INVASION GERMAN ARMY

By Reason of Russians Signing
Treaty Berlin Checked Mil-
itary Movements.

Amsterdam, March 3.—An official report from Brest-Litovsk, dated Saturday, stated that informal discussions took place in the course of the day between the presidents and individual members of the allied delegations and the Russian commission.

Final action was fixed at Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

Berlin, via London, March 3.—"By reason of the signing of the peace treaty with Russia," says the official communication from headquarters to-night, "military movements in Great Russia have ceased."

Petrograd, March 3.—The peace treaty with Germany has been signed. The Ukrainian army has occupied Kiev, Gornel and Berdichev.

Berlin, via London, March 3.—(British admiralty per wireless press.)—The Germans, in their advance through Russia, have captured, according to the German press, 6,800 officers, 57,000 men, 2,400 guns, 5,000 machine guns, thousands of motor vehicles, 800 locomotives and thousands of railroad trucks.

Petrograd, Saturday, March 2.—In the fear that argument would result in even more onerous terms, the Russian delegation at Brest-Litovsk has accepted all the German peace terms, and is about to sign an agreement, according to a telegram from the delegates received today at the Smolny institute. The demands already have been increased, they reported.

The message, which was addressed to Premier Lenin and Foreign Minister Trotsky, follows:

As we anticipated, deliberations on a treaty of peace are absolutely useless, and could only make things worse in comparison with the ultimatum of Feb. 21. They might even assume the character of leading to the presentation of another ultimatum.

In view of this fact, and in consequence of the Germans' refusal to cease military action until peace is signed, we have resolved to sign the treaty without discussing its contents, and to accept the terms we have attached our signatures.

We, therefore, have requested a train, expecting to sign today and leave afterward.

The most serious feature of the new demands is the following: "To detach the regions of Karaband, Baku and Batoum from Russian territory on the pretext of the right of the peoples to self-determination."

The new territorial claims upon Russia are apparently advanced in the interest of Turkey, Batoum, a strongly fortified seaport on the Black sea coast, in trans-Caucasia, about twenty miles north of the border of Turkish Armenia, was one of the cities ceded by Turkey to Russia after the Russo-Turkish war of 1877-78. Karaband, also in trans-Caucasia, 109 miles northwest of Erzerum, in Turkish Armenia, has been in dispute between the Turks and the Russians for nearly a century, and finally was ceded to Russia at the same time as was Batoum. The other region mentioned probably is that of Karabagh, trans-Caucasia, lying to the east of the Karaband region and north of the Persian border.

THREE CHILDREN PERISH IN FLAMES

Mother and Two Unconscious
Children Recovered by
Railroad Men.

Johnson City, March 4.—In a fire that destroyed their home at Erwin last night, three small children of Dillard Love were burned to death. The flames were seen by a passerby about 10 o'clock and an alarm turned in, but before the sleeping family could be aroused and rescued from the burning house the children, whose ages range from 8 to 11 years, suffocated, and their charred bodies only recovered by heroic efforts on the part of Ross Wohlford, a C. C. & N. Y. engineer, and Tom Caldwell.

Cascarets Work While You Sleep

No headache, biliousness, up-
set stomach or constipation tomorrow

Spend 10 cents—feel grand! Tonight take Cascarets to live your liver and clean your bowels. Stop the headache, biliousness, sourness, gases, coated tongue, bad breath, sallow skin and constipation—Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest "inside cleansing" you ever experienced. Wake up feeling fine. Cascarets is best cathartic for children. Taste like candy. No disappointment! Thirty million boxes of this harmless, famous cathartic are sold each year now.—(Adv.)



Never mind—call Main
34-34
FOR
FREE
TIRE SERVICE
SOUTHERN RUBBER CO.
OPPOSITE THE PATTER

O. railroad engineer, and Tom Caldwell. Wohlford and Caldwell, before the fire company arrived on the scene, battled their way through the raging flames and smoke and brought out the unconscious mother and two of the children, but before they could reach the three in an adjoining room, they had succumbed.

TOOLS TURN OUT TO BE BOTTLED BOOZE

Excitement Runs High When a
Passenger and Six Suitcases
Are Taken in Tow.

(Special to The News.)

Harriman, March 4.—The capture of a well-dressed young man of Knoxville giving his name as Harry Nelson and the seizure of six suitcases full of bottled liquor created considerable excitement in this, the oldest prohibition town in the state, Saturday afternoon late.

The man and his load were in an automobile which undertook to run the gauntlet of the watchful officers right through the heart of Harriman. However, the officer, whom Nelson says must have been forewarned by a piker, held up the machine, arrested the man and confiscated his goods.

Nelson says that he had been to Lexington and on the train on his return he met two nice-looking men who claimed to be contractors en route to Knoxville to do some government work, and that they hired him to carry their suitcases, which they said contained carpenter's tools through by an automobile as they were too much trouble to handle on the train.

He hired the machine at Oakdale where all got off the train. He claimed to be an innocent party, yet he tried to make the officers believe that two strangers intrusted him with six suitcases of tools, and that he paid the auto man \$18 cash to transport them to Knoxville.

The suitcases, when opened, were found to contain liquor. One bottle, seen by the correspondent in the city judge's office, was labeled "Van Hook," manufactured and put up by the Ashbrook distilling company of Cincinnati, Ky.

Nelson's story did not appeal to the officers. He was sent to jail in default of a \$500 bond and a fine of \$50 on the charge of transporting liquor.

There was in all seventy-two quarts, which at war prices of \$10 per, would amount to \$720. This is the second arrest and seizure the officers have made recently. The other time they caught a Georgia lawyer with a trunk full of liquor.

OTHER TREATIES AT BREST-LITOVSK MADE

Central Powers and Bolshevik
Government Sign
Military Agreement.

London, March 4.—Supplementary treaties between the central powers and the bolshevik government were signed at Brest-Litovsk in addition to the main peace treaty, according to a telegram from Brest-Litovsk by way of Vienna and Amsterdam, which gives no details of the treaties.

Formal official announcement of the signing has not yet been received from Brest-Litovsk by way of late radiogram from Petrograd said the treaty would be signed Sunday.

As the German official statement of Sunday night mentioned only the cessation of operations in Great Russia, it is inferred in some quarters here that the German advance in the Ukraine and Finland will continue while the Germans reserve for themselves a free hand outside the limits of Great Russia.

"UNWARRANTED," SAYS JUDGE OF ACTION

Killeets Charges Atty.-Gen.
Gregory Sought to Discredit
and Embarrass Him.

Washington, March 4.—Federal Judge Killeets of Toledo, against whom the department of justice has asked permission to file contempt proceedings in the supreme court for suspending sentence in a criminal case, charged in a brief filed today that the proceedings were "unwarranted" and that Atty.-Gen. Gregory brought them without due investigation and for the purpose of "bringing some discredit and much embarrassment" upon him. Judge Killeets said he acted in perfect good faith, "but under a misconception of the scope of the court's mandate."

MAKE U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE PERMANENT

Washington, March 4.—Reorganization of the United States employment service into a permanent bureau of the department of labor, with John B. Denmore as its director, was announced today by Secretary Wilson. Few changes were made in the organization of the service.

CURRENT ITALIAN WAR LOAN TOTALS IMMENSE SUM

Rome, Sunday, March 3.—The current Italian war loan now aggregates more than five billion lire. Senator Ruffini in the senate yesterday urged that efforts be made to attract foreign capital, especially American, to Italy. Finance Minister Nitti replied:

"America is lending to us freely and she has given us capital at 3 per cent. She proposes to raise the rate to 5, which is the current rate here. She is thus treating us as she would treat herself. Evidently the debt contracted toward the United States will lead to the establishment of mutual interests and we shall do our utmost to attract American capital."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Is effective in treating
colic, wind, and
croup, and
will not
injure the
child.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Bottle 10¢. 3 for 25¢.
FREDERICK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

NORWAY PAYS HEAVY TOLL TO SUBMARINES

Washington, March 4.—Norway continues to suffer heavily from German submarine operations and other war losses. Twelve vessels, aggregating 16,238 gross tons and valued at about \$3,000,000, were sunk during February and nineteen seamen lost their lives while twenty men are missing. A cablegram to the Norwegian legation today announced.

RHEA RALLIES TO NATION'S CALL

Richard Hardy and Capt. John-
son Launch Thrift Cam-
paign at Spring City.

(Special to The News.)

Dayton, March 4.—Rhea county is rallying to Uncle Sam's call for funds to prosecute the war and is doing its bit with a hearty good will. Two enthusiastic meetings were held in the county yesterday, the first at Spring City at 10 a. m., and the second at Dayton at 2 p. m.

Richard Hardy, of Chattanooga, state vice-director of the thrift campaign, and Capt. H. B. Johnson, of the officers' training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, addressed both meetings.

The meeting at Spring City was held in the local Odd Fellows hall and was presided over by Rev. Mr. Booth and was in charge of H. C. Collins, who is manager of the campaign in the upper end of the county. "America" was sung by the audience, which was then led by Rev. J. I. Cash in a prayer which Mr. Hardy declared had the true punch in it.

The meeting in this city was a repetition of the Spring City rally on an even larger scale. J. L. Godsey, chairman of the organization for the third district, presided, and enthusiasm ran to a high pitch. It was here at his home that the energetic work of Hon. A. P. Haggard, county chairman, was peculiarly manifest. Where Haggard and the people of Rhea county are not afraid to follow.

At the conclusion of the speaking at both meetings, the people came forward in flocks and bought thrift stamps in tremendous quantities. This was what Mr. Hardy declared he was out for. The postmasters were present with the stamps to facilitate the transactions. Capt. Johnson was the center of interest at both meetings, he having served two years in the British army at the front. He enlisted as a private and came out as a first lieutenant, having been wounded and discharged. Later he recovered his health and entered the American army. He gave a graphic description of life in the trenches.

Charles Haggard has for his goal the sale of 100 \$1,000 certificates, taking no account of those of smaller denominations, and exhibits the following list, recruited almost exclusively from the immediate neighborhood, as a starter: J. R. Abel, W. B. Allen, A. B. Andrews, Dr. Thomas Arrants, W. A. Ault, Bailey Hardware company, Jake Benkowitz, J. H. Brown, A. C. Broyles, A. D. Copinger, J. F. Collins, Dayton Hosiery mills, Dayton Milling company, E. K. Dunnaway, Miss Ethel W. England, P. T. Fout, Fred Gillespie, John L. Godsey, W. C. Godsey, A. P. Haggard, W. L. Hodges, W. C. Hutcheson, W. O. Hudson, R. W. Johnson, N. A. McCabe, M. G. McDonald, N. C. McKenzie, George F. Moore, W. E. Morgan, Morgan Bros., E. E. Robinson, W. A. Sherman, G. W. Solvay, Spring City Hosiery mills, E. M. Williamson and F. P. Darwin.

Other noted speakers to address the merchants at sessions Monday and Wednesday, and on topics are: G. A. Garver, Strasburg, Ohio, "Laying the Foundations for a \$500,000 Business in a Town of 180."

Norman H. Johnson, secretary of the American Grocers' Association, Richmond, Va., "Profitable Methods of Meeting Changed Conditions."

Hon. Bradford Knapp, chief of states' relations service, department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., "The Part of the Merchant in the Problem of Food Increase."

Hill A. Joseph, Baltimore, Md., "Advertising."

Mr. Grace Tryon, Dayton, O., "Training the Sales People."

John B. Swinney, professor of marketing, Tulane university, "Common Sense in Merchandising."

Richard Hardy, Chattanooga, "National Thrift Necessary to Win the War."

State Food Administrator H. A. Morgan, "The Merchant's Part in Meeting the World's Food Problem."

County Clare quiet under new ruling. Western Irish section visited by Viscount French, Commander of Home Forces.

London, March 4.—Nothing has been reported from Ireland in the last few days which would suggest that the visit of Viscount French, commander of the home forces, to County Clare is due to any increase in the trouble in the county or elsewhere. The special measures taken in County Clare had a remarkably calming effect, and although the causes of the trouble have not disappeared, the disturbing elements have been unusually quiet since the troops were called to assist the police.

Some arrests and other repressive measures last week did not excite disorder anywhere, as far as has been reported.

Viscount French left Dublin Sunday for County Clare and was accompanied by Gen. Sir Bryan Mahon, commander of the British forces in Ireland.

Outbreaks of lawlessness in County Clare, which is in western Ireland, resulted in troops being sent there on Feb. 26 to aid the local police. The same day County Clare was declared a special area under the defense of the realm act.

"MAN WITH TWO GOLD
TEETH" IS CAPTURED

W. H. Palmer, the man who has been described to Capt. Kern several times as the man with "two gold teeth" and who is accused of selling whisky to soldiers, was arrested Saturday night at the corner of Market and Cowart streets. It is said that Jim Walker got the whisky he sold to soldiers from Palmer on the night of Feb. 16. Palmer was 35 years old, and was bound over on a \$1,000 bond for his appearance before the federal grand jury.

Princess Mirko, who was 29 years old, remained in Montenegro after the royal family fled from the Austrian invaders. He attempted to enter into separate peace negotiations with Austria, but his efforts were of no avail. It was reported in January, 1917, that Prince Mirko was to be made the ruler of a small Serbian state to be created by the central powers. His wife was Princess Natalie, and they had three sons.

SON OF MONTENEGRO'S
KING DIES IN VIENNA

Amsterdam, March 4.—Prince Mirko, second son of King Nicholas of Montenegro, died in a sanitarium at Vienna Sunday of hemorrhages of the lungs. He entered the sanitarium two years ago.

"NO MAN'S LAND" HAS BECOME "AMERICA'S LAND," SAYS GENERAL

U. S. Troops in Chemin des Dames Sector Having Experience of
Cave Life Behind Front Line Trenches, Occupying Positions
Held by Germans Less Than Year Ago—Thousands of
Men Accommodated in One Underground Billet.

With the American Army in France, Sunday, March 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—Some of the American troops in the Chemin des Dames sector are having an experience of cave life behind the front trenches, their billets being deep underground quarries and natural recesses beneath the surface. The correspondent on a visit to this sector found them thus quartered, occupying positions held by the Germans less than a year ago. Most of the Americans, however, are living in the trenches and accompanying dugouts.

The underground billets are variously named. One of them is called the "pantheon." It accommodates a thousand men. The correspondent found French and American soldiers living together there in perfect harmony. The living quarters of the Americans in this cave are 72 feet underground. Fresh air is supplied by large air pumps. The cave is in part electrically lighted. Elsewhere acetylene lamps and oil lanterns are employed. The men usually remain in this cavern from four to six days each, a company being assigned a certain portion of the excavation.

A small railway for carrying supplies runs through the cave. A sign on the entrance reads: "East Boston tunnel," and one of the men standing near remarked, "That reminds me of home."

Stay Too Short. At another point the correspondent saw some men who had just completed their round of trench duty. The general in command said they had begged to be allowed to stay in the line a few more days. "Why, they took us out before we even had a decent scrap," said a machine gunner.

As soon as the Germans learned the Americans were in the trenches, they sent them a message by a German prisoner who they put up a sign reading: "Welcome, Yankees," but the infantrymen riddled it with bullets. All the soldiers with whom the visitor talked expressed pleasure at being in the trenches rather than in a training camp. The general took the party of correspondents to his headquarters and pointed out the location of his troops on a large map.

"How much 'no man's land' is there between the trenches at this point?" asked one of the visitors, pointing to the map. "There is no 'no man's land' there. It is all America's land," replied the general. A French captain later substantiated the general's statement by saying the Americans had assumed control of "no man's land" soon after entering the trenches in that sector.

German prisoners captured in patrol fighting there stated that the handful of Americans attacked with so much force and vigor that the Germans threw up their hands and shouted "Kamerad" in the belief that there were many more in the attacking party.

German-Born Sergeant Valiant. Although numerous daring, courageous deeds have been performed by the Americans in that sector, one of the most interesting is that of a German-born sergeant who, with a small detail, took a German prisoner in a patrol fight, but lost his way, with the result that the party wound up at the German barbed wire where they could plainly hear the Germans talking in their dugouts. The sergeant pointed a revolver at the prisoner's head and whispered in German: "Maybe they will get us before we can get back, but if they try I will kill you first. Now don't you utter a sound, and lead us back to our line." The German prisoner silently led the Americans back to their own trenches, the sergeant following close behind him with drawn revolver.

MERCHANTS TO HEAR GOVERNORS

Rye and Manning on Program
for Merchants' Short Course
Opening in Knoxville Tonight

Knoxville, March 4.—Hundreds of merchants from over Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama are assembling in Knoxville for the third annual merchants' short course, which opens Monday night at the board of commerce, under the supervision of the University of Tennessee.

Gov. Tom Rye, of Tennessee, and Gov. Richard I. Manning, of South Carolina, will be the principal speakers at the opening session Monday night. Gov. Manning's topic will be Merchants' Cooperation on the Food Problem.

The majority of the merchants are members of the Appalachian Merchants' association, which was organized here about three years ago. Its purpose is to teach the selling end of a business. Now its patriotic duty is such.

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HOODOO BRIDE STILL SMILES

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